

Product datasheet

Recombinant Human Protein S ab159231

[1 Image](#)

Description

Product name	Recombinant Human Protein S
Expression system	Wheat germ
Protein length	Protein fragment
Animal free	No
Nature	Recombinant
Species	Human
Sequence	GLLETKVYFAGFPRKVESELIKPINPRLDGCIRSWNLMKQG ASGIKEIIQ EKQNKHCLVTVEKGSYYPGSGIAQFHIDYNNVSSAEGWHV NVTLNIRP
Amino acids	419 to 516
Tags	GST tag N-Terminus

Specifications

Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of **ab159231** in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Applications	Western blot ELISA
Form	Liquid

Additional notes

Preparation and Storage

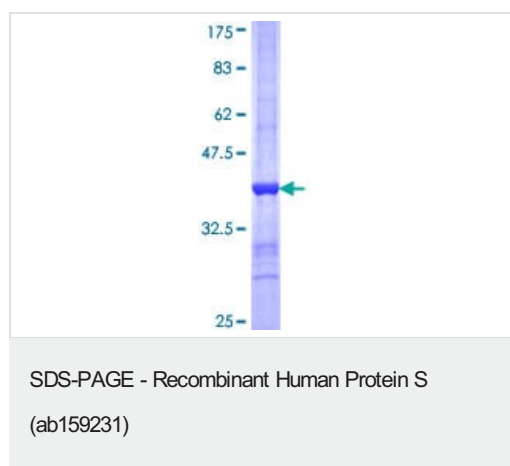
Stability and Storage	Shipped on dry ice. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. pH: 8.00 Constituents: 0.31% Glutathione, 0.79% Tris HCl
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General Info

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Function	Anticoagulant plasma protein; it is a cofactor to activated protein C in the degradation of coagulation factors Va and VIIIa. It helps to prevent coagulation and stimulating fibrinolysis.
Tissue specificity	Plasma.
Involvement in disease	Defects in PROS1 are the cause of protein S deficiency (PROS1D) [MIM:612336]; also known as thrombophilia due to protein S deficiency. PROS1D is a cause of hereditary thrombophilia, a hemostatic disorder characterized by impaired regulation of blood coagulation and a tendency to recurrent venous thrombosis. However, many adults with heterozygous disease may be asymptomatic. Based on the plasma levels of total and free PROS1 antigen as well as the serine protease-activated protein C cofactor activity, three types of PROS1D have been described: type I, characterized by reduced total and free PROS1 antigen levels together with reduced anticoagulant activity; type III, in which only free PROS1 antigen and PROS1 activity levels are reduced; and the rare type II which is characterized by normal concentrations of both total and free PROS1 antigen, but low cofactor activity.
Sequence similarities	Contains 4 EGF-like domains. Contains 1 Gla (gamma-carboxy-glutamate) domain. Contains 2 laminin G-like domains.
Post-translational modifications	The iron and 2-oxoglutarate dependent 3-hydroxylation of aspartate and asparagine is (R) stereospecific within EGF domains.
Cellular localization	Secreted.

Images



ab159231 on a 12.5% SDS-PAGE stained with Coomassie Blue.

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